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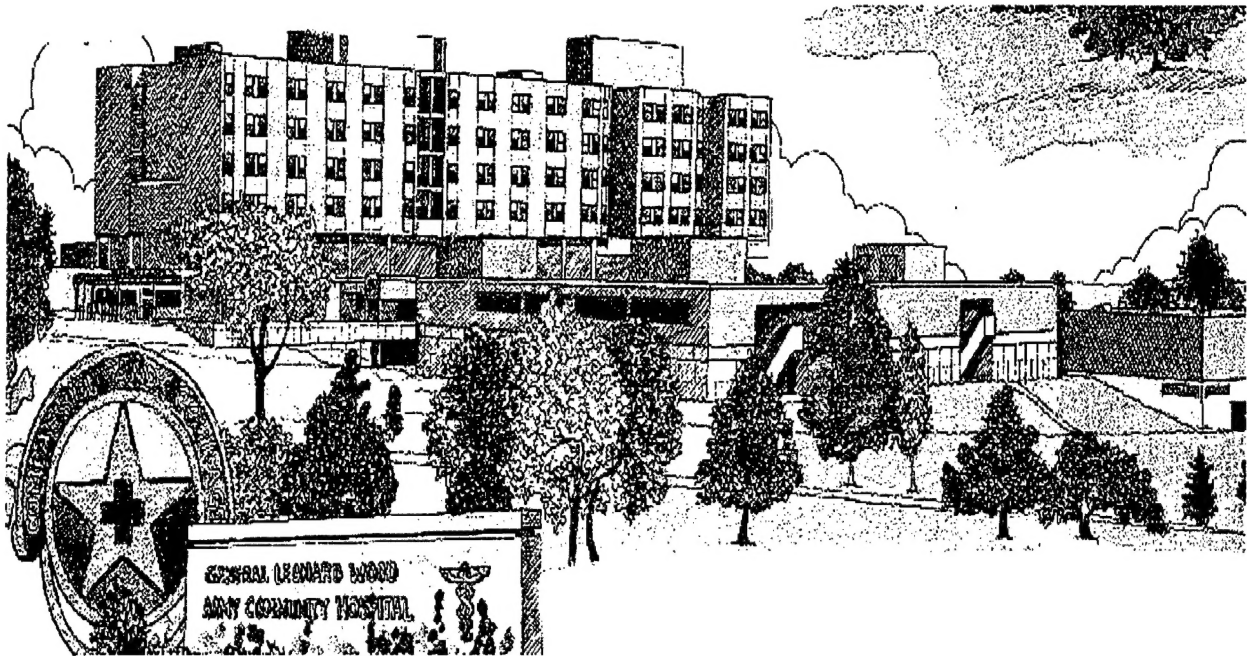
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14. ABSTRACT Fort Leonard Wood is expecting approximately 7,537 additional personnel as a result of the Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) process. The increase is approximately 23% above the current population of 33,116 personnel. The Automated Staffing Assessment Model (ASAM) was used to forecast additional personnel requirements for General Leonard Wood Army Community Hospital (GLWACH) in response to the BRAC increase. A 23% increase was applied to the current Medical Expense and Performance Reporting System (MEPRS) workload levels within each hospital service and specialty. The results showed an increase in staffing requirements of eighty-three personnel (from 901 to 984), an increase of approximately 9.2%. Ten of the eighteen major functions within the hospital realized an increase. The largest percentage increase was realized in the Pathology Division (26%); the largest raw increase was realized in the Division of Primary Care and Community Medicine (28 personnel). Although the ASAM yielded useful information, additional data must be gathered before the validity of the ASAM as a forecasting tool can be assessed.					
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**Determining Personnel Staffing Levels for General Leonard Wood
Army Community Hospital Using the Automated Staffing
Assessment Model (ASAM)**



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Abstract

Fort Leonard Wood is expecting approximately 7,537 additional personnel as a result of the Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) process. The increase is approximately 23% above the current population of 33,116 personnel. The Automated Staffing Assessment Model (ASAM) was used to forecast additional personnel requirements for General Leonard Wood Army Community Hospital (GLWACH) in response to the BRAC increase. A 23% increase was applied to the current Medical Expense and Performance Reporting System (MEPRS) workload levels within each hospital service and specialty.

The results showed an increase in staffing requirements of eighty-three personnel (from 901 to 984), an increase of approximately 9.2%. Ten of the eighteen major functions within the hospital realized an increase. The largest percentage increase was realized in the Pathology Division (26%); the largest raw increase was realized in the Division of Primary Care and Community Medicine (28 personnel).

Although the ASAM yielded useful information, additional data must be gathered before the validity of the ASAM as a forecasting tool can be assessed.

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**Determining Personnel Staffing Levels for General Leonard Wood Army Community
Hospital Using the Automated Staffing Assessment Model (ASAM)**

INTRODUCTION

Conditions Which Prompted the Study

In accordance with Title 10, 138 United States Code (U.S.C.), the Secretary of Defense is required to provide a detailed manpower requirements report to Congress each fiscal year. Since 1953, Department of Defense Directives (DoDD) 1100.04 and 1100.2 have required each Service to determine and program minimum essential manpower requirements based upon workload. In addition, DoDD 6010.13 requires each Service to use the Medical Expense and Performance Reporting System (MEPRS) in capturing uniform health care cost management data such as workload (MEDCOM, 1997).

In accordance with the guidance mentioned above, General Leonard Wood Army Community Hospital (GLWACH) is conducting a study to determine the optimal staffing levels of its clinical and support personnel in preparation for an increased beneficiary (patient) population. Fort Leonard Wood is scheduled to receive the U.S. Army Military Police School and the U.S. Army Chemical School from Fort McClellan, Alabama as a result of the Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) process. The two schools will merge to create the Maneuver Support Center (MANSCEN) at Fort Leonard Wood no later than 1 October 1999 (BRAC Office, 1998).

The creation of the MANSCEN will bring with it large influxes of permanent party military, family member, civilian, and trainee / student personnel. Based upon estimates provided by the Fort Leonard Wood Directorate of Resource Management, the influxes will result in 7,537 additional personnel, as expressed in **Table I** below.

Table I**BRAC Increases Per Population Group**

POPULATION GROUP	BRAC INCREASE	
Permanent Party Military	1,263	
Trainees / Students	2,881	
Receptees	90	
Reserves	63	
Medical Hold / Transient	63	
Subtotal Military Personnel	4,360	
DA Civilians / DoD Permanent Party	364	
Other Civilians	303	
Civilian Trainees	100	
Subtotal Civilian Personnel	767	
Family Members (On-Post)	759	
Family Members (Off-Post)	1,651	
Subtotal Family Members	2,410	
Total Personnel	7,537	(DRM, 1998)

GLWACH currently serves an estimated patient population of 33,116 personnel.

Therefore, the total beneficiary population will increase to approximately 40,653 personnel by 1 October 1999 - an increase of approximately 23%.

Statement of the Problem

The challenge facing the Commander of GLWACH, is determining the number of additional hospital personnel required, by service and specialty, to treat an increased beneficiary population while maintaining the facility's mission, **"To provide quality health care services in a coordinated, comprehensive and compassionate manner, while producing highly trained health care professionals ready to deploy to any contingency"** (GLWACH, 1998).

Although forecasts for increased staffing requirements have been made, they have not been validated with a standardized assessment tool to justify increased Table of Distribution and Allowances (TDA) positions.

Literature Review

A review of the literature reveals three basic methods for determining staffing requirements. The first method is termed the "intuitive method", also referred to as professional judgement. This is a very traditional approach, allowing managers to tailor the numbers and mix of staff based upon skill, experience, and patient need. The main drawback is a lack of consistency across wards and clinics (Clay, 1987).

The second method is the "consultative method". Two widely-known tools used in nursing are the Telford Method (Telford, 1979) and the Brighton Method (Waite & Hirsch, 1986). These tools both involve an internal audit of patient throughput and dependency, yielding a workload value. As with the intuitive method, the Telford Method has been criticized for its subjective nature and inconsistencies across wards and clinics. The Brighton Method combines both objective and subjective data in an attempt to increase standardization (Arthur & James, 1994).

The final method is referred to as "top-down staffing norms". The method is relatively simple to employ because it is based upon minimum requirements established by professional organizations for given specialties. The results may take the form of nurse - bed ratios per shift per clinic. The result is increased standardization, however there is no accounting for many of the factors considered under the intuitive method, mainly staff skill, patient need, and local variation (Arthur & James, 1994).

Studies suggest that three factors are key in determining whether a facility or patient care unit has adequate staffing to ensure quality care. The first factor is the ratio of staff to patients.

The second factor is the staff skill mix, or the percentage of staff who are RNs. The third factor is patient acuity – a measurement of the seriousness of the conditions of a facility's / unit's patients and the associated intensity of nursing resources needed to care for them. Accounting for acuity in staffing is important because the same number of patients can require radically different amounts of care. Failure to account for acuity can often result in inadequate staffing levels. *EMPOWER!*, the California-based managed care patient advocate organization, continuously lobbies state government officials to ensure Health Maintenance Organizations (HMOs) maintain safe medical staffing levels (*EMPOWER!*, 1998). Also, the National Academy of Sciences Institute of Medicine's committee on the adequacy of nurse staffing in hospitals and nursing homes refused to endorse specific laws or regulations mandating nursing staff ratios because they do not take acuity into account (Institute of Medicine, 1996).

There are sound reasons for ensuring proper medical staffing. Inadequate staffing levels can be extremely hazardous to patient care and safety. A 1993 review of the literature on RNs' impact on patient outcomes revealed "substantial evidence linking RN levels and mix to mortality, length of stay, cost, and morbidity outcomes" (Prescott, 1993). This evidence was validated by a 1997 study which found a great potential for harm in mandating nurse staffing regulations (Buerhaus, 1997). A 1989 study found that higher levels of staff per patient and higher skill mix are associated with a reduced chance of mortality within the hospital (Hartz et al., 1989). A recent study by the American Nurses Association found that staffing ratios and skill mix are significantly related to increased incidence of pressure ulcers (bedsores), pneumonia, urinary tract infection incurred after admission to the hospital, as well as postoperative infections (Knauf et al., 1997).

Understaffing has also been blamed for many recent deficiencies at Columbia Sunrise - Columbia/HCA's largest hospital. Some of the more serious offenses were:

- Significantly increased nosocomial infection rates
- IV dressings not changed for a week or more
- Late feedings for stroke patients
- Delays in the delivery of medications
- Errors in the delivery of IV medications and fluids
- Infections and bedsores from failure to turn bedridden patients as required
- Inability to fill physicians' orders properly

The root cause of the above-mentioned problems was the removal of the acuity assessment forms from the patients' records and charts. Erroneously, managers staffed their units based upon the number of patients in beds, regardless of their respective acuity levels (Profiles of U.S. Hospitals, 1996).

What tools are available to ensure we have optimal staffing levels in our facilities? A review of the literature reveals two basic methods for determining staffing ratios. The first method is derived through benchmarking in which the ratio of providers to patients within health care organizations is averaged to achieve a base line. The second method is the static mathematical model in which spreadsheets are used to develop formulas comprising several variables that are crucial to the facility's staffing plan.

Benchmarking

Kongstvedt discusses benchmark staffing ratios in terms of closed health plans - group and staff model panel HMOs or large group practices with a high proportion of managed care business. Averages are provided to help organizations establish ratios, but he points out that numbers vary depending on the size of the health plan, the geographical location, and the proportion of Medicare enrollees. As a result, provider - patient ratios vary widely among HMOs. A large, mature closed panel plan, serving a predominately commercial population,

enrolls an average panel size of 1,250 patients per primary care manager (PCM). Larger plans tend to have larger panels in order to achieve economies of scale (Kongstvedt 1996). However, a study of California HMOs found a much more robust ratio of 555 patients per PCM (Hart, et al., 1997).

Another HMO method for determining panel size uses a combination of benchmark data and actuarial data. A ratio of 2,000 patients per provider is uniformly used for family practice physicians with two exam rooms. Likewise, the enrollment numbers of 1,400 and 1,200 are used for pediatricians and internists respectively. However, "equivalency factors" which account for individuals' age, gender, and chronic illness are assigned to each enrollee. Thus, one patient might count as 1.3 patients, therefore yielding a panel of fewer than the standard 2000 members (Institute of Medicine, 1996).

For over forty years, the United States Army defined manpower requirements using various forms of staffing tools. These tools included such processes as manpower surveys, staffing standards, staffing guides, and the U.S. Army Medical Command's (MEDCOM) 1993 Benchmarking System. The MEDCOM Benchmarking System used available man-hour and workload data from MEPRS to develop benchmark times (times to accomplish a unit of work for each Medical Treatment Facility [MTF] work center) through correlation and regression analyses (MEDCOM, 1997).

The MEDCOM Benchmarking System was based on the "most efficient organization" concept. The most efficient organizations were those MTFs which yielded the most efficient staffing mix (plus or minus one standard deviation from the mean) within the given service or specialty. The average amount of provider time per visit was established as the benchmark for all MTFs. Some examples were the Family Practice Clinic with a benchmark time of 17.88 minutes per visit, or 415 visits per provider per month; and the Primary Care Clinic with a

benchmark time of 10.98 minutes per visit, or 709 visits per provider per month (Johnston, 1998).

To verify the accuracy of the benchmark data, MEDCOM conducted on-site manpower studies at each MTF from 1993 to 1996. The studies revealed that the benchmark values were good estimates, but were in need of refinement (Johnston, 1998). As a result of the many flaws noted in the Benchmarking System, the process was redesigned and renamed the Automated Staffing Assessment Model (ASAM) in February 1997. This static mathematical model was first tested at Brooke Army Medical Center in San Antonio, Texas before being applied to MTFs throughout the Army (MEDCOM, 1997).

Automated Staffing Assessment Model (ASAM)

ASAM is a static mathematical modeling tool used to define MTF manpower requirements in the capitated budget managed care environment. According to the Office of the Surgeon General (OTSG), ASAM is currently the only officially recognized Department of the Army (DA) staffing process used in medical TDA work centers. The goal of the ASAM is to provide MTF commanders with useful information that will aid the development of various staffing options within the facility's business plan (OTSG, 1998).

ASAM determines the minimum essential requirements in each medical specialty and service within the MTF using Medical Planning Factors (MPF) and historical workload data collected and validated from two sources: MEPRS and the specific MTF itself. MEPRS data is used in determining inpatient, outpatient, and ancillary services, while locally appraised MTF workload is used to determine support and special program requirements. MTF-specific data includes an initial on-site assessment to evaluate locally configured elements, site-specific missions, support and special program functions, and MTF reported workload and staffing data. Specific considerations would include such data as Professional Officer Filler System (PROFIS)

requirements and Basic Trainee support requirements. The model also assists in managing alternative sources of labor (e.g. contracts, direct hire, and borrowed military manpower) (OTSG, 1998).

Please refer to the Methods and Procedures section below for a detailed explanation of the various ASAM worksheets.

Purpose

The purpose of this project is to determine the number of additional hospital personnel required (if any), by service and specialty, to treat the projected increased beneficiary population. The results of the ASAM projection will be submitted to the MEDCOM Manpower Requirements Branch in order to justify increased positions for the FY00 TDA.

The variables to be used in forecasting additional requirements are specified below in the ASAM Worksheet Explanation of the Methods and Procedures section.

METHODS AND PROCEDURES

As stated in the conditions which prompted the study, the anticipated number of additional personnel assigned to Fort Leonard Wood is 7,537, an increase of approximately 23% above the current population level. Accordingly, the FY 98 MEPRS workload factors in each of the given activities, wards, or clinics will be increased by a uniform 23% for the purpose of forecasting.

Since the ASAM has never been utilized as a forecasting tool, it is important to discuss the concepts of validity and reliability. Cooper and Emory (1995) state the importance of validity and reliability in any measurement tool. They define validity as the extent to which a test or tool measures what it is intended to measure, and reliability as the accuracy and precision of the measurement procedure. Reliability is a necessary component of validity; therefore a tool must be both reliable and valid before it can meet validity constraints (p. 148-155). The extensive

three-year data collection effort by MEDCOM prior to fielding the ASAM, produced detailed, standardized formulas for determining proper staffing levels under various internal and external factors. For this reason, the ASAM is considered to be a reliable tool for determining MTF staffing levels. However, not until after the additional personnel have actually arrived on Fort Leonard Wood, and have used the hospital's services for a period of time may we begin to gather data on the validity of the ASAM as a forecasting tool.

ASAM Worksheet Explanation

The following explanation details the data / information represented on the ASAM worksheet. The GLWACH worksheets consist of twenty-two columns, which contain various data critical to the staffing level authorizations within the facility. Please refer to **Appendix A** for the completed worksheet for GLWACH. The specific column explanations are as follows:

Column (A): PARA

The TDA paragraph number of the function / position reflected in ASAM Column (C).

Column (B): MEPRS

The MEPRS account code for the function / paragraph number.

Column (C): FUNCTION

The affected MTF work center title.

Column (D): WKLD FACTOR

The abbreviated title for the MEPRS workload being assessed and / or Positional & Directed (P & D) Requirements. Positional & Directed Requirements are part of the "Open the Door" costs and are not earned based on workload. These positions are required because of the necessary foundational structure of the MTF, or are required by law. An example would be the MTF Commander, who is required regardless of the size or workload of the MTF.

Columns (E) & (F): REQ & AUTH

The baseline TDA Requirements and Authorizations. Positions used in the model after aligning the proper MEPRS code to TDA positions for the indicated function.

Column (G): WKLD

Represents the monthly average workload downloaded from the appropriate data source such as MEPRS or the Composite Health Care System (CHCS). This information is specific to the facility and may be based on data such as the number of clinic visits or prescriptions filled per month.

Column (H): MPF

The Medical Planning Factor(s). The MPF is the amount of time allotted to a provider to conduct a clinic visit. It is derived from the average amount of time for the visit plus the relative value of time for a patient visit, continuing education, ward rounds, as well as military and administrative functions. For example, an average face-to-face patient visit may take fifteen minutes, however the provider may only be able to conduct three visits per hour due to other administrative duties.

The factor is then applied to each clinic visit to determine the amount of providers needed. The MPFs are facility-specific based upon historical and actual time associated with reported manpower and workload.

Column (I): MPF PROV YIELD

The yield of providers earned, as determined by the formula:

$$\text{Columns (G) x (H) / 145.0 hours (man-hour availability factor)}$$

Column (J): ADD (BAQ / BBBA) & OTSG CONSLT

The additional requirements earned through MTF specific workload as generated within the unique work center. "BAQ" and "BBBA" are MEPRS codes representing Infectious Disease and Cardiovascular Thoracic Surgery respectively.

Column (K): PROV READI FTR ADD

The total number of provider personnel earned for readiness purposes, as determined by the

formula:

Total Monthly Hours of Readiness Training or Hours Deployed / 145.0 hours

Column (L): PROV REQ YIELD

The total provider requirements earned by effort, readiness, and MTF specific additive(s) as determined by the formula:

Columns (I) + (J) + (K)

Column (M): PROV SPT RATIO

The ratio of support personnel earned per provider. This ratio only applies to "B accounts" (MEPRS outpatient clinic data) and is unique to each function, thus allowing flexibility in the amount of nurses, paraprofessionals, and administrative personnel.

Column (N): MPF SPT YIELD

The number of support staff earned based on workload, as determined by the formula:

Columns (G) x (H) / 145.0 hours

OR

The number of support staff earned based on number of providers earned, as determined by the formula:

Columns (L) x (M)

The formula used is dependent upon MEDCOM guidance, which directs how each activity will determine its support staff requirements.

Column (O): SPT READI FTR ADD

The total number of support personnel earned for readiness.

Column (P): DECENT APPT CLK ADD

The total number of appointment clerks needed, as determined by the formula:

[{Column (G) * 3} / 60] / 145

Column (Q): SPT REQS YIELD

The total number of support personnel earned by workload and readiness, as determined by

the formula:

$$\text{Columns (N) + (O)}$$

Column (R): ASAM REQS YIELD

The total requirements earned including providers, support, and readiness personnel, as determined by the formula:

$$\text{Columns (L) + (P)}$$

Column (S): OUTSIDE MODEL LOCAL ADDITIVE

The numbers of requirements that exceed the model workload yield. This amount is assessed through a local MTF appraisal.

Column (T): NOTE CODE

The "alpha" or numeric code identifying the local condition affecting the specific work center. The code is then expressed as a footnote at the bottom of the worksheet printout.

Column (U): TOTAL MODEL REQ'S

The aggregate yield of provider, support, and readiness personnel, as determined by the formula:

$$\text{Columns (Q) + (R) + (S)}$$

The resulting number becomes the documented figure on the TDA.

Column (V): REQ'S DELTA

The delta between the documented baseline TDA requirements and the total model requirements earned, as determined by the formula:

$$\text{Columns (U) - (E)}$$

A minus (-) represents a loss in requirements, while a plus (+) represents a valid need. A need may be met by shifting requirements from other work centers where a loss has occurred.

Recommended FTR Breakout

Upon completion of the ASAM worksheet, the model generates a recommended "Full

Time Requirement” breakout by category (i.e. providers, nurses, paraprofessionals, and clinical support personnel) for all clinical activities within the hospital. It is important to note that the breakout is simply a recommended structure - it is not a mandatory staffing directive. Please refer to **Appendix B** for the recommended breakout for the GLWACH clinical activities. The specific column explanations are as follows:

Column (A): PARA

The TDA paragraph number of the function / position reflected in ASAM Column (C).

Column (B): MEPRS

The MEPRS account code for the function / paragraph number.

Column (C): FUNCTION

The affected MTF work center title.

Column (D): PROV (CAT 1)

The number of providers (Category 1 staff) required, as determined by the formula:

Column (L) from previous worksheet * CAT 1 %

Column (E): DIRECT CARE PROV (CAT 2)

The number of direct care providers (Category 2 staff) required, as determined by the formula:

Column (L) from previous worksheet * CAT 2%

Column (F): NURSE

The number of nurses (Category 3 staff) required, as determined by the formula:

Column (P) from previous worksheet * CAT 3%

Column (G): DIRECT CARE P/PROF

The number of direct care paraprofessionals (Category 4 staff) required, as determined by

the formula:

Column (P) from previous worksheet * CAT 4%

Column (H): CLINIC / ADMIN SUPPORT

The number of clinical support, admin support, and logistic personnel (Category 5 staff) required, as determined by the formula:

Column (P) from previous worksheet * CAT 5%

Column (I): TOTAL EARNED PROV

The total number of providers earned, as determined by the formula:

Columns (D) + (E)

Column (J): TOTAL EARNED SPT

The total number of support personnel earned, as determined by the formula:

Columns (F) + (G) + (H)

Column (K): TOTAL EARNED FTR'S

The total number of full-time requirements earned, as determined by the formula:

Columns (I) + (J)

Requirements Summary

The ASAM also generates a summary sheet which combines each department's / division's data into an aggregate total. This sheet allows the MTF Commander to understand the total impact of the personnel changes to the facility. Please refer to **Appendix C** for the GLWACH summary sheet. The specific column explanations are as follows:

Column (A): MODEL PART / PAGE

The specific part / page where the data from a function may be found.

Column (B): FUNCTION

The specific department, division, or activity within the facility.

Columns (C) & (D): REQ & AUTH

The baseline TDA Requirements and Authorizations; positions used in the model after aligning the proper MEPRS code to TDA positions for the indicated function.

Column (E): READINESS REQ'S ADDITIVE

The total number of provider personnel earned for readiness purposes.

Column (F): ASAM REQ'S YIELD

The total requirements earned including providers, support, and readiness personnel.

Column (G): OUTSIDE MODEL ADDITIVE

The numbers of requirements that exceed the model workload yield.

Column (H): TOTAL MODEL REQ'S

The aggregate yield of provider, support, and readiness personnel. The resulting number becomes the documented figure on the TDA.

Column (I): REQ'S DELTA

The delta between the documented baseline TDA requirements and the total model requirements earned. A minus (-) represents a loss in requirements, while a plus (+) represents a valid need.

RESULTS

Increasing the MEPRS workload factors within each hospital function by 23%, yielded staffing increases as expressed in **Table II** below:

Table II**ASAM Staffing Increases Per Hospital Function**

FUNCTION	PRE-BRAC STAFFING	POST-BRAC STAFFING	INCREASE (RAW)	INCREASE (%)
Command & Special Staff Section	30	27	-3	-10.0
Surgery Division	73	83	10	13.7
Anesthesiology & Op Services	30	34	4	13.3
Primary Care & Community Med	191	219	28	14.7
Nursing Operations Division	96	109	13	13.5
PERTS	9	10	1	11.1
Behavior Medicine Division	39	46	7	17.9
Radiology Division	37	38	1	2.7
Pathology Division	43	54	11	25.6
Pharmacy Division	32	37	5	15.6
Logistics Division	117	117	0	-
Patient Administration Division	61	61	0	-
Human Resource Division	16	16	0	-
Nutrition Care Division	45	51	6	13.3
Resource Management Division	14	14	0	-
Automation Management Division	17	17	0	-
Managed Care Division	19	19	0	-
Preventive Medicine Division	32	32	0	-
Total Personnel	901	984		
Total Additional Personnel			83	9.2%

As shown, the net personnel increase for GLWACH is eighty-three, or approximately a

9.2% increase from the pre-BRAC staffing level of 901 personnel. Of the eighteen major functions within the hospital, ten experienced increased requirements. The largest percentage increase is the Pathology Division (25.6%); the largest raw increase is the Division of Primary Care and Community Medicine (28 personnel). Only the Command and Special Staff Section experienced decreased requirements due to the elimination of three positions.

DISCUSSION

It is important to note that the MEPRS workload factors are but one of many variables considered within the model, as evidenced by the fact that the 23% workload increase did not increase service or specialty requirements within the hospital by the same amount. For example, the constraints of the model may consider that an Internal Medicine Practitioner (from the Division of Primary Care and Community Medicine) can treat thirty patients per day. If our Internal Medicine Practitioners are currently treating only twenty patients per day, then the 23% workload increase will raise the number to only twenty-four patients per day, which is not enough to warrant additional requirements.

The assumption of this project is that the increased patient utilization of each activity will not differ significantly from the increased number of beneficiaries who are covered by the activity. However, there are several factors which could alter the forecasted workload increase for a particular clinic or service. Two examples are TRICARE enrollment and health care demand.

TRICARE Enrollment

A policy memorandum from Dr. Stephen Joseph, Acting Assistant Secretary of Defense for Health Affairs, outlined the "TRICARE Prime" doctrine in accordance with Title 10, 138 U.S.C. The doctrine states first priority of care goes to active-duty members, second priority

goes to other TRICARE Prime enrollees, and last priority goes to non-TRICARE Prime patients (Joseph, 1996). Some of the new Fort Leonard Wood personnel who are eligible to enroll in TRICARE Prime may not choose to do so. Therefore, they will only be treated at GLWACH on a space-available basis. Conversely, personnel who are currently not in TRICARE Prime may choose to enroll in the program, thereby increasing the GLWACH enrolled population.

Personnel who do enroll in "TRICARE Prime" may choose either a family practice option or a multi-specialty option. Those choosing the family practice option will have all their family's primary care needs met by a family practice PCM. Those choosing the multi-specialty option will have their family's primary care needs met by an internal medicine PCM, and their pediatric and OB/GYN needs will be met by the respective specialists. Currently, of the 19,600 enrolled beneficiaries, 10,450 (or 53.3%) are covered by Family Practice, while 9,150 (or 46.7%) are covered by multi-specialty services (DPCCM, 1999). It is possible that a disproportionately large percentage of the new personnel will desire either option. A large percentage of Family Practice enrollees could result in a significant workload increase in the Family Practice Clinic, with only a marginal workload increase in the Internal Medicine, OB/GYN, and Pediatric Clinics. A large percentage of multi-specialty enrollees could have the opposite effect.

Health Care Demand

It is very difficult to predict the future health care demands of a large population, especially a population that has not yet arrived. For this reason, the assumption must be made that the demand will not be significantly different than that of the current assigned population. However, factors such as fitness level, health status, work environment, stress level, illness acuity, and propensity to seek medical care are traits which are unique to each beneficiary, and could either raise or lower demand.

Health promotion and disease prevention efforts are crucial in reducing demand for health

care services. Initiatives in our Health Promotions Center and Clinic may increase the health status of the population, thereby decreasing demand for primary and specialty services.

GLWACH will also institute a Telephone Nurse Triage (TNT) "help-line" to provide phone consults for patients requesting a same-day appointment with their PCM. Preliminary estimates show a possible avoidance of 9,000 emergency room visits and 8,187 clinic visits per year (DCCS, 1999).

CONCLUSION & RECOMMENDATIONS

The Automated Staffing Assessment Model yielded useful information to the leadership of General Leonard Wood Army Community Hospital. The main utility of this project is determining the appropriate staffing levels to ensure the GLWACH staff is prepared for the additional patient population and subsequent workload increase. The additional personnel requirements determined by the ASAM were submitted to MEDCOM in January of 1999 to obtain required positions on the FY00 TDA. If the positions are approved, I recommend the GLWACH Governing Board authorize the recruitment of additional personnel no later than May of 1999 - six months before the effective date of the TDA.

As stated previously, not until after the additional population arrives at Fort Leonard Wood may we truly assess the validity of the ASAM as a forecasting tool. At that time, we will adjust our staffing levels to meet the health care needs of our beneficiaries.

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APPENDIX A

PART:

2
COMMAND SECTION & SPECIAL STAFF
FT LEONARD WOOD MEDDAC

PARA (A)	MEPR (B)	FUNCTION (C)	WLFK FACTOR (D)	0245 REQ (E)	0245 AUTH (F)	WLFK (G)	# PERSON REQUIRE (H)	TOTAL HOURS REQUIRE (H*148) (I)	MPF (J)	WLF ERND (G*J)/145 (K)	READI FTR ADD (L)	ASAM REQ Combined (K+L+M)	OUTSIDE MODEL LOCAL ADD (N)	NOTE CODE (O)	TOTAL MODEL REQ'S (M+N) (P)	REQ'S DELTA (Q)
101/LN01-01	EBA	HOSPITAL COMMANDER	POSITIONAL	11	9		8				0.000	8	0.000	1	8	-3
103/LN01-02	EBB	CHAPLAIN	OBD	2	2	1515	2				0.000	2	0.000		2	0
105/LN01-02	EBA	CLINICAL SERVICE OFFICE	POSITIONAL	2	2		2				0.230	2	0.000		2	0
102/LN01-07	EBB	QUALITY IMPROVEMENT	POSITIONAL	3	2		1				0.000	2	0.000		2	-1
		WLF 1: AVG # OF RISK MGMT ASSESSMENTS	21				1									
		WLF 2: AVG # OF MED MALPRACTICE CLAIMS	1													
105/LN01-01	EBB	CREDENTIALS OFFICE		2	2		1				0.000	2	0.000		2	0
		WLF 1: AVG # OF PROVIDERS CRED/PRIVILEGE	300			2	1	145	72.500	1.000						
105/LN01-02	EBB	PATIENT REPRESENTATIVE OFFICER	POSITIONAL	2	1		2				0.000	2	0.000	3	2	0
105/LN01	EBD	AMBULATORY NURSING	POSITIONAL	1	1		1				0.000	2	0.000		2	1
102/LN01-03	EBB	INTERNAL REVIEW AND AUDIT OFFICE	POSITIONAL	3	1		1				0.000	1	0.000		1	-2
104/LN01-04	EBA	EXECUTIVE ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF OFFICE	POSITIONAL	4	3		3				0.000	3	0.000		3	-1
105/LN01-02	EBA	CLINICAL SUPPORT OFFICE	POSITIONAL	2	1		0				0.000	0	0.000		0	-2
105/LN01-02	EBB	INFECTION CONTROL/NURSING QUALITY INPR	POSITIONAL	2	2		1				0.000	1	0.000		1	-1
107/LN01-02	EBA	ADMINISTRATIVE HOSPITAL SERVICE	POSITIONAL	2	2		2				0.000	2	0.000		2	0
TOTALS			YRLY	35	28		25			1.000	0.230	27	0.000		27	-9
			FTR	40	0.023											

CLINICAL SVC READINESS

TDA RMKS

- NOTE CODE DEFINED:
- 1 NURSE METHANAL EARNED RMD;NUR NCO EARNED IN AMBULATORY NURSING
- 2 USAHC, ST LOUIS, NOW PART OF USA MEDDAC. FT LEONARD WOOD'S IDA WILL TRANSFER ALL REQ'S/AUTHS EXCEPT OGC HLTH & ADAPCP TO AIR FORCE EFFECTIVE OCT '97 (FY98)
- 3 HEALTH ADVISOR POSITION MOVED FROM MANAGED CARE

PART:

4
ANESTHESIOLOGY & OPERATIVE SVCS
FT LEONARD WOOD MEDDAC

PARA (A)	MEPR (B)	FUNCTION (C)	WLKD FACTOR (D)	0298 REQ (E)	0298 AUTH (F)	WLKD O.R.S. (G)	REQS/RM O.R.S. (H)	MPF REQ'S YIELD (G*H) (I)	READI FTR ADD O.R.S. (J)	ASAM		OUTSIDE MODEL LOCAL ADD (L)	NOTE CODE (M)	TOTAL MODEL REQ'S {K+L} (N)	REQ'S DELTA (O)
										REQ'S (K)	REQ'S (J)				
302/LN01	DFA	ANESTHESIOLOGY	#O.R.'S	1	1	1.850	6.034	11	0.000	1	0.000	0.000		1	0
302A/LN02-03	DFA	ANESTHESIA NURSING SERVICE	#O.R.'S	6	5				0.046	5		0.000		5	-1
465B/LN01-03	DE_	CSS (DEA) / CMS (DEB)	#O.R.'S	3	3	1.861	2.452	4.564	0.000	5		0.000		5	2
465/LN01-12	DFB	OPERATING ROOM NURSING SERVI	#O.R.'S	21	21	1.861	12.227	22.755	0.000	23		0.000		23	2
TOTALS				31	30			38.482	0.046	34		0.000		34	3

TDA RMKS NOTE CODE DEFINED:

Anesthesia/O.R. Worksheet MTF: FT LEONARD WOOD MEDDAC

PLEASE ENTER DATA IN BLOCKS TO LEFT OF INFORMATION REQUEST AND IT READINESS TABLE BELOW

A. NUMBER OF OPERATING ROOMS ROUTINELY STAFFED.

B. MONTHLY AVERAGE NUMBER OF SURGICAL CASES PERFORMED IN OPERATING ROOM.

C. PERCENT SURGICAL CASES PERFORMED AFTER DUTY HOURS.

D. DO YOU HAVE A SURGICAL RESIDENCY PROGRAM (Y/N)?

E. MONTHLY AVERAGE NUMBER OF TOTAL DELIVERIES (L&D REPORT FOR DDDXX-MAC-SOPQ).

F. IS YOUR OPERATING ROOM A 24 HOUR OPERATION (Y/N)?

G. NUMBER OF DAYS PER WEEK THAT AN ANESTHESIA RESOURCE IS ROUTINELY ASSIGNED TO SUPPORT A PAIN CLINIC.

H. NUMBER OF DAYS PER WEEK THAT AN ANESTHESIA RESOURCE IS ROUTINELY ASSIGNED TO SUPPORT A PROCEDURES ROOM.

I. DO YOU HAVE AN ANESTHESIA RESOURCE ASSIGNED IN THE L&D UNIT 24 HOURS PER DAY (Y/N)?

J. MONTHLY AVERAGE NUMBER OF EPIDURAL OR OTHER TYPES OF ANESTHESIA PROCEDURES PROVIDED TO THE L&D UNIT UTILIZING ANESTHESIA RESOURCE.

K. MONTHLY AVERAGE NUMBER OF PROCEDURES THAT A REGISTERED NURSE ASSISTS IN THE L&D UNIT.

L. NUMBER OF DAYS PER WEEK AN O.R. TECHNICIAN IS SUPPLIED TO A CLINICAL PROCEDURES ROOM (SUCH AS GU OR A SCOPE ROOM).

M. MONTHLY AVERAGE NUMBER OF PROCEDURES AN O.R. TECHNICIAN ASSISTS WITH IN THE L&D UNIT.

ENTER YEARLY READINESS HOURS:

Hours	ANA	CRNA	RN	PARA	CMS
FTIR	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

SUMMARY

1. CURRENT O.R. SUITE DATA:

2.0 O.R. SUITES STAFFED

180 TOTAL MONTHLY AVG CASES

0.28 % OF AFTER-HOUR CASES (BASELINE % = 13)

528 AFTER-HOUR MONTHLY AVG CASES

135.4 M-F DAY MONTHLY AVG CASES

3. CURRENT O.R. SUITE (M-F DAY CASE DATA):

2.0 O.R. SUITES STAFFED

25 HOURS PER CASE

32 DAILY CASES PER ROOM

677 MONTHLY CASES PER ROOM

133.4 M-F DAY MONTHLY AVG CASES

4. PROJECTED GOALS:

2.0 O.R. SUITES STAFFED (NO SURGICAL RESIDENCY = 23; SURGICAL RESIDENCY = 28)

35 HOURS PER CASE

727 DAILY CASES PER ROOM

1453 MONTHLY CASES PER ROOM

1453 TOTAL MONTHLY (M-F DAY CASES)

5. DISPARITIES:

-0.07 BETWEEN CURRENT AND PROJECTED CASES

10.1 ACTUAL CASE DIFFERENCE

1861 OR SUITES FOR CURRENT OUTPUT

DE CENTRAL STERILE SUPPLY/CENTRAL MATERIAL SERVICE

BASIC STAFFING PROFILE:

1.500 PLANNING FACTOR PER ROOM

BREAKOUT

0.300 SECTION ADMINISTRATION

0.300 CALLOUT (EVENINGS NIGHTS & WEEKENDS)

1.200 BASIC FUNCTION (CLEAN, CONTAMINATED, STERILE SUPPLY CASE CART)

STAFF EARNED:

1.861 CURRENT OPERATING ROOM OUTPUT

3.564 WORKLOAD REQS

1.000 STAFFING PATTERN

4.564 REQUISITION

1.000 REQUISITION

4.564 TOTAL REQS

NOTE: WORKLOAD REQS FORMULA: (O.R. * PLANNING FACTOR) * # OF DELIVERIES IN L&D/45

STAFF EARNED	
REQS	4.564
TOTAL	4.564

ANIMAL STAFFING FOR:

NORMAL 24HR
 1000 SUPERVISION
 2500 CLEAN STERILE CONTAMINATED SUPPLY CASE CART
 2500 CURRENT CASE PRODUCTIVITY
 1000 EVENINGS/NIGHTS & WEEKENDS
 6000 TOTAL REQS

DFA ANESTHESIA

ANESTHESIA STAFFING PROFILE:

2.500 PLANNING FACTOR PER ROOM (PFPR)
 PFPR BREAKOUT
 1.000 CLERICAL OR STAFF
 0.200 PREPOST PERIOPERATIVE REQUIREMENTS
 0.200 SECTION ADMIN/ SUPERVISION
 0.400 CALL DUTY (EVENINGS/NIGHTS & WEEKENDS)
 0.100 ACUTY

STAFF EARNED:

1.881 CURRENT OPERATING ROOM OUTPUT
 136.4 CURRENT DAY CASE PRODUCTIVITY
 4.653 WORKLOAD REQS
 1.000 CLERK (constant)
 0.400 ANESTHESIA TECHNICIANS
 0.050 PAIN CLINIC - Doc
 0.000 PROCEDURES ROOM
 0.000 SUPPLY & EQUIPMENT
 0.000 ENDOSCOPY/LAZER/EQUIPMENT
 0.000 LID HAS NEEDED
 11.163 ANESTHESIA REQS
 0.000 READINESS
 11.208 TOTAL REQS
 NOTE: WORKLOAD REQS FORMULA: # O.R.s * PLANNING FACTOR

STAFF EARNED			
ROOMS	ANES/CRNA	PARA	TOTAL
1.881	27.49	0.460	11.208

NOTE: Anesthesiologist / CRNA recommended ratio of 1:4
 Anesthesiologist CRNA
 Enter Ratio here >>>>>> 1 to 4

DFA OPERATING ROOM

RN - STAFFING PROFILE:

2.700 RN PLANNING FACTOR PER ROOM (PFPR)
 PFPR BREAKOUT
 1.700 CLINICAL OR STAFF
 0.250 PREPOST PERIOPERATIVE REQUIREMENTS
 0.250 SECTION ADMIN/ SUPERVISION
 0.400 CALL DUTY (EVENINGS/NIGHTS & WEEKENDS)
 0.100 ACUTY

RN STAFF EARNED:

1.881 CURRENT OPERATING ROOM OUTPUT
 136.4 CURRENT DAY CASE PRODUCTIVITY
 5.025 WORKLOAD REQS
 1.000 CLERK (constant)
 0.000 FTR OF TECH IN PROCEDURES ROOM
 0.000 LID TECH HAS NEEDED (PROC x 0.021)
 17.730 O.R. PARA REQS
 0.000 READINESS
 17.730 TOTAL PARA REQS
 NOTE: WORKLOAD REQS FORMULA: # O.R.s * PLANNING FACTOR

PARA - STAFFING PROFILE:

6.155 PARA PLANNING FACTOR PER ROOM (PFPR)
 PFPR BREAKOUT
 1.850 SCRUB TECHNICIANS
 0.250 SECTION ADMIN/ SUPERVISION
 0.250 TRANSPORT PERSONNEL
 0.250 SUPPLY & EQUIPMENT
 0.200 ENDOSCOPY/LAZER/EQUIPMENT
 0.200 CASE CART
 0.100 ACUTY

PARA STAFF EARNED:

1.881 CURRENT OPERATING ROOM OUTPUT
 136.4 CURRENT DAY CASE PRODUCTIVITY
 11.455 WORKLOAD REQS
 1.000 CLERK (constant)
 0.000 FTR OF TECH IN PROCEDURES ROOM
 0.000 FTR OF TECH IN PROCEDURES ROOM
 0.000 LID TECH HAS NEEDED (PROC x 0.021)
 17.730 O.R. PARA REQS
 0.000 READINESS
 17.730 TOTAL PARA REQS
 NOTE: WORKLOAD REQS FORMULA: # O.R.s * PLANNING FACTOR

STAFF EARNED			
ROOMS	RN	PARA	TOTAL
1.881	5.025	17.730	22.755

PART:

6

NURSING OPERATIONS DIVISION

FT LEONARD WOOD MEDDAC

PARA (A)	MEPR (B)	FUNCTION (C)	WPKD FACTOR (D)	0238 REQ (E)	0238 AUTH (F)	WPKD (G)	# PTS/ DAY (Q30,44) (H)	TOTAL MONTH NCH (I)	TOTAL NCH REQ			ASAM REQ'S YIELD (L+M) (N)	TOTAL MODEL REQ'S (N+O) (Q)	NOTE CODE (P)	TOTAL MODEL REQ'S DELTA (R)
									NCH (G,K)	YLD (K745) (L)	READI FTR ADD (M)				
451LN01-03	EBD	C, NURSING OPERATIONS DIVISION	PATTERN	3	3	3					0.000	3	3		0
460LN01-02	EBD	CLINICAL NURSING SERVICE	PATTERN	2	0						0.000	0	0		-2
460ALN01-09	DJA	COMBINED ICU WARD	OBD	11	11	65	21		4.600	11.823	0.000	12	12		1
460CLN01-12	ACX	MTRNL & CHILD WARD	OBD	26	23	208	68		1.425	11.737	0.000	18	23		-3
		LABOR AND DELIVERY UNIT	# PATIENTS			208	68	99	0.476	761.58	5.252				
	DGE	L&D OBSERVATION UNIT	# PATIENTS			154	51		0.773	0.821					
460DLN01-12	AAX	MEDICAL-SURGICAL WD	OBD	35	35	863	28.4		1.398	41.634	0.000	43	44		9
	DGE	MED-SURG OBSERVATION UNIT	# PATIENTS			1	0.0		1.750	0.012					
4660FLN01-11	AFX	PSYCHIATRY WARD	OBD	17	16	380	12.5		1.301	18.241	0.000	18	18		1
465DLN01-08	DFC	RECOVERY ROOM	# PATIENTS	8	8	1	0.0		3.500	1.000	0.000	1	7		-1
465CLN01-2	DGE	SURGICAL PRE ADMIT SECTION	# PATIENTS	2	2	139	4.6		2.000	1.917	0.000	2	2		0
TOTALS				104	98				96.438	0.000	97	109			5

NURSING READINESS

YRLY	FTR
1350	0.776

TDA RMKS

1

NOTE CODE DEFINED:
CONSOLIDATED POSTPARTUM/NURSERY

PART:

7

PLANS, EDUCATION, READINESS, TRNG, SECURITY

FT LEONARD WOOD MEDDAC

PARA (A)	MEPR (B)	FUNCTION (C)	WKLD FACTOR (D)	0258 REQ (E)	0258 AUTH (F)	WKLD (G)	# PERSON REQUIRE (H)	TOTAL HOURS REQUIRE (I*145) (I)	MPF (J)	WLF ERND (K*J)/145 (K)	READI FTR ADD (L)	ASAM REQ		OUTSIDE MODEL LOCAL ADD (N)	NOTE CODE (O)	TOTAL MODEL REQ'S (M+N) (P)	REQ'S DELTA (Q)
												Combine (R+L) (K+L)	Combine (H+K+L) (M)				
760/LN01-06	EBC	CHIEF, PERTS	POSITIONAL	2	2		1	145			0.000	0.000	1	0.000		1	-1
760/LN02-05	EBF	PERTS	POSITIONAL	7	6						0.000	0.000	8	0.000		8	1
LN06A-08		WLF 1: # CME FILES				170	4	580	4.029	4.724							
		WLF 2: ACTIVE DUTY POPULATION				462	3	435	1.157	3.686							
760A/LN01-02	EBF	MEDICAL LIBRARY	POSITIONAL	2	1		1	145	#####	1.000	0.000	1	1	0.000		1	-1
		WLF 1: # OF USERS															
TOTALS												11	9	9.410	0.000	10	-1

PERTS READINESS

YRLY	FTR
	0.000

TDA RMKS

NOTE CODE DEFINED:

PART:

8
BEHAVIOR MEDICINE DIVISION
 FT LEONARD WOOD MEDDAC

PARA (A)	MEPR (B)	FUNCTION (C)	WIKD (D)	REQ (E)	9288 (F)	WIKD (G)	MPF (H)	MPF (I)	PROV (J)	ADD (K)	PROV (L)	REQ'S YLD (M)	PROV (N)	MPF (O)	YIELD (P)	MPF SPT (Q)	READI (R)	SPT (S)	DECENT (T)	APPT (U)	REQ'S YL (V)	ASAM (W)	REQ'S (X)	YIELD (Y)	OUTSIDE (Z)	LOCAL (AA)	MODEL (AB)	NOTE (AC)	CODE (AD)	REQ'S (AE)	DELTA (AF)					
35311113	EBD	CHIEF, BEHAVIOR MEDICINE DIVISION	PATTERN	3	3	3	3	3	3	0.933	1	1	2	1.000							2															
35311114	DDB	EEG	# PROCEDU	1	0	10	4.089							0.282	0.000	0	0	0.000																		
35311115	DDC	EMG	# PROCEDU	1	0	28	1.202							0.232	0.000	0	0	0.000																		
35311116	BAK	NEUROLOGY SERVICE	CLINIC VISI	1	0	135	0.800	1.000	0.000	0.000	1	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0	1	0.000			1															
35311117	BFA	PSYCHIATRY SERVICE	CLINIC VISI	1	0	1006	1.000	6.938	0.000	0.000	7	1.100	7.632	0.000	0.347	8	15	0.000			15															
35311118	BFB	CLINICAL PSYCHOLOGY SERVICE	CLINIC VISI	2	2	177	1.000	1.221	0.000	0.000	1	1.100	1.100	0.000		1	2	0.000			2															
35311119	BFD	C.COMMUNITY MENTAL HEALTH SER	CLINIC VISI	3	3	250	1.756	3.028	0.000	0.000	3	1.875	5.677	0.000		6	9	0.000			9															
35311120	BFE	SOCIAL WORK SERVICES		3	3									0.000																						
35311121	BFEA	WLF 1: CLINIC VISITS				161	0.750	2.379	0.000	0.000	1.000	12.979	0.278			3	7	0.000			11															
35311122	BFEF	WLF 2: AVG # OF MO COLLATERALS																																		
35311123	BFEA	FAMILY ADVOCACY PROGRAM		0	0									0.000		2	2	0.000			1															
35311124	BFEA	WLF 1: CLINIC VISITS				175	1.500		0.000	0.000		1.875	5.677	0.000																						
35311125	BFEA	WLF 2: AVG # OF MO COLLATERALS				80	0.250		0.000	0.000			0.138																							
35311126	BFF	SUBSTANCE ABUSE CLINIC	# CASES	4	3	112	18.35		0.000	0.000			3.771	0.000		4	4	0.000			2															
TOTALS			CLINIC VISITS	37	34	572			14.566	0.000	0.933	13.000		23.299	0.000	0.347	25	42	4.000			46														
			COLLATERALS			241																														

READINESS	YRLY	FTR
G.BMD READINESS	40	0.023
G.CMHS READINESS	40	0.023

NOTE CODE DEFINED:
 CONTRACT RQMT
 INCLUDES 1 SPT REQ & 1 REQ FOR ADAPCP - ST LOUIS

TDA RMKS
 1
 2

PART:

9
RADIOLOGY DIVISION
FT LEONARD WOOD MEDDAC

PARA (A)	MEPR (B)	FUNCTION (C)	WTKD FACTOR (D)	0298 REQ (E)	0298 AUTH (F)	WTKD (G)	# PERSON REQUIRE (H)	TOTAL HOURS REQUIRE (H*146) (I)	MPF (J)	WLF ERND (G*J)/146 (K)	READI FTR ADD (L)	ASAM REQ		NOTE CODE (O)	TOTAL MODEL REQ'S (M+N) (P)	REQ'S DELTA (Q)
												Combine (M+K+L) (M)	OUTSIDE MODEL ADD (N)			
DCA		DIAGNOSTIC RADIOLOGY	WGTD PR	33	32	10424	35	5075	0.487	35	0.000	35	0.000		35	2
601/LN01-03		CHIEF, DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY		4	4											
215/LN13		DIAGNOSTIC RADIOLOGY CMTC		2	2											
603A/LN01-03		CT SCAN SECTION		4	4											
603B/LN01		ULTRA SOUND		1	1											
603C/LN01-16		DIAGNOSTIC RADIOLOGY SECTION		22	21											
605/LN01-04	DIA	NUCLEAR MEDICINE SERVICE	WGTD PR	4	3	938	1	145	0.405	3	0.000	3	0.000		3	-1
TOTALS				37	35		36			38	0.000	38	0.000		38	1

YRLY	FTR
0	0.000

RADIOLOGY READINESS

TDA RMKS

NOTE CODE DEFINED:

PART:

10
PATHOLOGY DIVISION
 FT LEONARD WOOD MEDDAC

PART: 10		PATHOLOGY DIVISION		ASAM REQ																TOTAL	
FT LEONARD WOOD MEDDAC				Combined																OUTSIDE	
PARA (A)	MEPR (B)	FUNCTION (C)	WTKD FACTOR (D)	0298 REQ (E)	0298 AUTH (F)	WTKD (G)	PERSON REQUIRE (H)	HOURS REQUIRE (H*146) (I)	MPF (J)	WLF ERND (G*J/146) (K)	READI FTR ADD (L)	(M)	(N)	NOTE CODE (O)	MODEL REQ'S (M+N) (P)	REQ'S DELTA (Q)					
																	(R)				

YRLY	FTR
0	0.000

PATHOLOGY READINESS

NOTE CODE DEFINED:

TDA RMKS

PART:

11

PHARMACY DIVISION
FT LEONARD WOOD MEDDAC

PARA (A)	MEPR (B)	FUNCTION (C)	WPKD FACTOR (D)	0298 REQ (E)	0298 AUTH (F)	WPKD (G)	# PERSON REQUIRE (H)	TOTAL HOURS REQUIRE (H*146) (I)	MPF (J)	WLF ERND (G*J)/146 (K)	READI FTR ADD (L)	ASAM REQ Combined (H+K+L) (M)	OUTSIDE MODEL LOCAL ADD (N)	NOTE CODE (O)	TOTAL MODEL REQ'S (M+N) (P)	REQ'S DELTA (Q)
	DAA	PHARMACY	WGTD PROC	37	35	50752			0.083	29	0.046	29	5.000	1	34	-3
		PHARMACY CHIEF		3	3											
215/LN14/16		PHARMACY CMTG		2	2		2	290				2	0.000		2	0
642/LN01-03		AMB CARE PHARMACY SECTION		4	4											
643A/LN01-04		STER PROD SECTION		4	4											
643B/LN01-03		UNIT DOSE SECTION		4	3											
645/LN01-08		OUTPATIENT PHARMACY		12	11											
645B/LN01-02A		REFILL PHARMACY SECTION		4	4											
646/LN01-02		PHARMACY SPT SECTION-PRIME VENDOR		2	2											
646/LN03		LOGISTICS (PRIME VENDOR)	# OF LINE ITEM	2	2	123	1	145	1.179	1		1	0.000		1	-1
		TOTALS		37	35		3			30.051	0.046	32.000	5.000		37	-4

PHARMACY READINESS

YRLY	FTR
80	0.046

TDA RMKS

NOTE CODE DEFINED:

1 ADD RQMTS: (1) PEC (1) HLTH PROM (3) INTERVENTION

PART: 12

LOGISTICS DIVISION
FT LEONARD WOOD MEDDAC

PARA (A)	MEPR (B)	FUNCTION (C)	WIKD FACTOR (D)	REQ (E)	528 AUTH (F)	WIKD (G)	PERSON REQUIRE (H)	5 HOURS REQUIRE (I)	WLF ERND (J-K)	MPF (L)	READI FTR (M)	ASAM REQ Combine (N-O)	OUTSIDE MODEL LOCAL ADD (P-Q)	NOTE CODE (R)	TOTAL MODEL REQ'S (M+H+O) (P)	DELTA (Q)
70341101-01	EEA	CHIEF, LOGISTICS DIVISION	POSITIONA	4	4		4	580			0.000	8.4	0.000		4	0
70341101-02	EGA	MEDICAL MAINTENANCE BRANCH	POSITIONA	15	15		14	2030			0.000	15	0.000		15	0
70341101-03		WLF 1: EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE HOURS					12.3	1	145	0.113	1.000					
70341101-04	EEA	FACILITY MGMT BR	POSITIONA	4	4		4	580			0.000	4.2	0.000		4	0
70341101-05	EEA	MATERIAL BRANCH	POSITIONA	3	3		2	290			0.000	3	0.000		3	1
70341101-06		WLF 1: # OF TRANSACTIONS PROCESSED					11.40	1	145	0.035	1.000					
70341101-07	EEA	CST SVC & PHY INV	POSITIONA	4	4		1	145			0.000	2	0.000		2	-2
70341101-08		WLF 1: # OF TRANSACTIONS PROCESSED					9.157	1	145	0.018	1.000					
70341101-09	EEA	ACQ & MAT MGT SEC	POSITIONA	7	8		1	145			0.000	6	0.000		6	-1
70341101-10		WLF 1: # OF TRANSACTIONS PROCESSED					9.157	5	725	0.079	5.000					
70341101-11	EEA	RCV DISTR & STORAGE SEC		8	8						0.000	8	0.000		8	0
70341101-12		WLF 1: # OF TRANSACTIONS PROCESSED					9.157	8	1160	0.127	8.000					
70341101-13	EEA	MAT DISTR SSEC		3	3						0.000	3	0.000		3	0
70341101-14		WLF 1: # OF TRANSACTIONS PROCESSED					9.157	3	485	0.048	3.000					
70341101-15	EEA	PROP EQ TCOMM & IM BR		11	11						0.000	11	0.000		11	0
70341101-16		WLF 1: # OF TRANSACTIONS PROCESSED					9.157	11	1595	0.174	11.000					
70341101-17	EBC	TCOM & IM SEC	POSITIONA	1	1		1	145			0.000	1.1	1.000	1	2	1
70341101-18		POSITIONAL REQUIREMENTS														
70341101-19	EBC	REC MGT SEC	POSITIONA	3	3		2	290			0.000	2.2	0.000		2	-1
70341101-20		POSITIONAL REQUIREMENTS														
70341101-21	EBC	MAIL & DISTR SSEC	POSITIONA	4	4		2	290			0.000	2.2	0.000		2	-2
70341101-22		POSITIONAL REQUIREMENTS														
70341101-23	EEA	ENVIRON SVC BR		2	2		103	2	290	2.358	2.000				2	0
70341101-24		POSITIONAL REQUIREMENTS														
70341101-25	EFA	HOUSEKEEPING - CONTRACT		42	42						0.000	44	0.000		44	2
70341101-26		WLF 1: SQUARE FOOTAGE CLEANED					397.01	42	6090	0.153	42.000					
70341101-27	EHA	LINEN MANAGEMENT - IN HOUSE		5	3						0.000	3	0.000		3	-2
70341101-28		WLF 1: # POUNDS OF LINEN					32.807	3	435	#####	3.000					
70341101-29	FAC	OPTICAL FAB SEC		8	6						0.023	6	0.000		6	-2
70341101-30		WLF 1: # SPECIFICALS FABRICATED/REPAIRED					8909	6	870	#####	8.000					
		TOTALS		123	76		114		83,000	0.023	116	1,000			117	-6

YRLY	FTR
40	0.023

LOGISTICS READINESS
OPTICAL LAB FAB

NOTE CODE DEFINED:
1 TELE-MEDICINE REQUIREMENT

TDA RMKS

PARA

MEPR	FUNCTION
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PARA

7224	EJA	CHIEF, PATIENT ADMIN DIVISION	POSITION	1																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																												</
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PAD READINESS

YRLY	FTR
0	0.000

NOTE CODE DEFINED:

TDA BMKS

PART:

14

HUMAN RESOURCE DIVISION

FT LEONARD WOOD MEDDAC

PARA (A)	MEPR (B)	FUNCTION (C)	FACTOR (D)	REQ (E)	AUTH (F)	WKLD (G)	PERSON REQUIRE (H)	PERSONAL HOURS (I)	MPF (J)	ERND (K)	FTR ADD (L)	LOCAL ADD (M)	LOCAL ADD (N)	NOTE CODE (O)	REQ'S (M+N) (P)	REQ'S DELTA (Q)
731L'LN01-4	EBC	CHIEF, HUMAN RESOURCE DIVISION	POSITIONA	4	4		4	580			0.000	4	0.000		4	0
731A'L'N01-04	EBC	HOSPITAL COMPANY		4	4		4									
		WLF 1: # OF MILITARY PERSONNEL SUPPORTED				10	4	580	58,000	4,000	0.000	4	0.000		4	0
731H'L'N01-02	FED	MEDICAL HOLD DETACHMENT		2	2		2				0.000	2	0.000		2	0
		WLF 1: # OF MILITARY PERSONNEL SUPPORTED				10	2	290	29,000	2,000						
731L'L'N01-04	EBC	PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION CENTER		7	6		6									
		WLF 1: # OF MILITARY PERSONNEL SUPPORTED				10	6	870	87,000	6,000	0.023	6	0.000		6	-1
		TOTALS		17	16		16			12,000	0.023	16	0.000		16	-1

HRD READINESS
HOSPITAL CO READINESS

YRLY	FTR
40	0.023

TDA RMKS

NOTE CODE DEFINED:

PART: 15

NUTRITION CARE DIVISION

FT LEONARD WOOD MEDDAC

PARA (A)	MEPR (B)	FUNCTION (C)	FACTOR (D)	REQ (E)	AUTH (F)	WKLD (G)	REQUIRE (H)	(H*145) (I)	MPF (J)	(G*J)/145 (K)	ADD (L)	(L*145) (M)	LOCAL ADD (N)	NOTE CODE (O)	REQ'S (P)	DELTA (Q)
501:LN01-04	EIB	CHIEF, NUTRITION CARE	POSITIONAL	4	4		3	435			0.023	3	0.000		3	-1
503E:LN01	EIA	PATIENT FOOD OPERATIONS	TOT PT MEAL	3	8	1762	9	1305	0.500	6.076	0.000	15	0.000		15	7
		WLF 1: # PATIENT MEAL DAYS SERVED				143										
		WLF 2: # APV AND OTHER MEALS SERVED				0										
		WLF 3: INPATIENT CLINICAL NUTRITION MGMT				1619				8.628						
502E:LN01	BAL	OUTPATIENT NUTRITION CLINIC	CLINIC VISIT	1	0	124	1	145	0.700	0.599	0.000	1	0.000		1	0
503:LN01-06	EIB	COMBINED FOOD OPERATIONS	TOTAL MEAL	25	23	218	23	3335	15.298	23.000	0.000	23	0.000		23	-2
503A:LN01-03		WLF 1: # TOTAL MEAL DAYS SERVED				218										
503C:LN01		WLF 2: # APV AND OTHER MEALS SERVED				0										
EIC		INPATIENT CLINICAL NUTRITION (FOR CALCULATION PURPOSES ONLY)	3	3								8.628			9	6
		A: BASIC NUTRITION PROCEDURE														
		a. DIETITIAN				86			0.250	0.148						
		b. TECHNICIAN				262			0.200	0.361						
		B: INTERMEDIATE NUTRITION PROCEDURE														
		a. DIETITIAN				148			0.650	0.663						
		b. TECHNICIAN				2204			0.450	6.840						
		C: COMPLEX NUTRITION PROCEDURE														
		a. DIETITIAN				57			1.300	0.511						
		b. TECHNICIAN				0			0.750	0.000						
		D: EXTENSIVE NUTRITION PROCEDURE														
		a. DIETITIAN				6			2.500	0.103						
TOTALS																
				41	38					46.930	0.023	61	0.000		61	10

NUTRITION CARE READINESS

YRLY	FTR
40	0.023

C, NUTRITION CARE

TDA RMKS

NOTE CODE DEFINED:

PART:

16

RESOURCE MANAGEMENT DIVISION

FT LEONARD WOOD MEDDAC

PARA (A)	MEPR (B)	FUNCTION (C)	WFLD FACTOR (D)	REQ (E)	0298 AUTH (F)	WFLD AUTH (G)	PERSON REQUIRE (H)	TOTAL HOURS REQUIRE (I)	MPF (J)	WLF ERND (K)	READI FTR ADD (L)	ASAM REQ Combined Model (M)	OUTSIDE MODEL LOCAL ADD (N)	NOTE CODE (O)	TOTAL MODEL REQ'S (P)	REQ'S DELTA (Q)
750 LN01-02	EBC	CHIEF, RESOURCE MANAGEMENT DIV	POSITIONAL	2	2	2	2	290			0.000	2	0.000	1	2	0
752 LN01-03	EBC	MANPOWER	POSITIONAL	4	4	4	1	145			0.000	2	0.000		2	-2
		WLF 1: TOTAL # OF Crossover POPULATION					824	145	0.217	1.233						
754 LN01-04	EBC	MEPR/UCAPERS	POSITIONAL	4	4	4	2	290			0.000	4	0.000		4	0
		WLF 1: TOTAL # OF ALL PERSONNEL TYPES					824	290	0.435	2.472						
755 LN01-04	EBC	BUDGET	POSITIONAL	4	4	4	2	290			0.000	5	0.000		5	1
		WLF 1: TOTAL # OF ALL PERSONNEL TYPES					824	290	0.217	1.233						
		WLF 2: CIV PAY - # OF TIME CARDS					440	145	0.463	1.405						
101/LN05	EBA	NURSE METHOD ANALYST	POSITIONAL	0	0	0	1	145			0.000	1	0.000		1	1
		TOTALS		14	14	14	14			6.343	0.000	14	0.000		14	0

TDA RMKS

1

NOTE CODE DEFINED:

EFF 1 OCT RMD & MANAGED CARE DIV COMBINE

NOTE: Worksheet utilized for RMD and IMD. Enter data below.

MTF Assigned Personnel Worksheet:	
Military Assigned (Str, Resid, Stu, AF&Navy):	384
Civilians Assigned (Time Sheets):	440
Contract:	
Red Cross Volunteers:	
Civilian Students:	
BMM/Reserves:	
Summer Students (times 25):	
TOTAL FTEs:	824

PART: 17

AUTOMATION MANAGEMENT DIVISION
FT LEONARD WOOD MEDDAC

PARA (A)	MEPR (B)	FUNCTION (C)	WKLD FACTOR (D)	0298 REQ (E)	0298 AUTH (F)	WKLD (G)	PERSON REQUIRE (H)	TOTAL HOURS REQUIRE (H*148) (I)	MPF (J)	WLF ERND (K)	READI FTR ADD (L)	ASAM REQ Combined (M+L) (M)	OUTSIDE MODEL LOCAL ADD (N)	NOTE CODE (O)	TOTAL MODEL REQ'S (M+N) (P)	REQ'S DELTA (Q)
771/LN01-02	EBC	SYSTEMS SUPPORT	POSITIONA	2	2	2	2	290			0.000	2	1.000	1	3	1
774/LN01-04	EBC	COMPUTER OPNS BR		5	5	824	5	725	1.087	6.177	0.000	5	0.000		5	0
WLF 1: TOTAL # OF ALL PERSONNEL TYPES																
775/LN01-06	EBC	CUSTOMER SUPPORT		6	6	824	6	870	0.435	2.472	0.000	6	0.000		6	0
WLF 1: TOTAL # OF ALL PERSONNEL TYPES																
EBC		CHCS									0.000	1	2.000	2	3	3
WLF 1: TOTAL # OF ALL PERSONNEL TYPES																
TOTALS																
				13	13		14			9.928	0.000	14	3.000		17	4

YRLY	FTR
0	0.000

NOTE: Worksheet utilized for RMD and IMD. Enter data in RMD.

MTF Assigned Personnel Worksheet:		824
Military Assigned (SM, Resid, Stu, AFNavy):		384
Civilians Assigned (Time Sheets):		440
Contract:		0
Red Cross Volunteers:		0
Civilian Students:		0
BMW/Reserves:		0
Summer Students (times 25):		0
TOTAL FTEs:		824

TDA RMKS

1
2

NOTE CODE DEFINED:

- (1) CONTRACT NETWORK SPECIALIST
(2) CONTRACT CHCS/1 ASSIGNED CHCS FACL

PART: 18

MANAGED CARE DIVISION
FT LEONARD WOOD MEDDAC

PART: 18		MANAGED CARE DIVISION FT LEONARD WOOD MEDDAC										ASAM REQ										TOTAL	
PARA (A)	MEPR (B)	FUNCTION (C)	WKLD FACTOR (D)	0288 REQ (E)	0288 AUTH (F)	WKLD (G)	# PERSON REQUIRE (H)	TOTAL HOURS REQUIRE (H*146) (I)	MPF (J)	WLF ERND (G*J)/146 (K)	READI FTR ADD (L)	Combined			OUTSIDE			NOTE CODE (O)	MODEL REQ'S (M+N) (P)	REQ'S DELTA (Q)			
												(M)	(N)	(P)	(M)	(N)	(P)						
440/LN01	ELA	CHIEF, MANAGED CARE DIVISION	POSITIONA	1	1		1	145			0.000		1	1	0.000		1	1	0				
441/LN01-06	ELA	INT CUSTOMER SUPPORT OFFICE		5	4		2	290			0.000		2	2	0.000		2	2	-3				
442/LN01-02	ELA	CASE MANAGEMENT OFFICE	POSITIONA	2	2		4	580			0.000		4	4	0.000		4	4	2				
AVG # OF NEW CASES										171													
443/LN01	ELA	CONTRACTING OFFICE		1	1		2	290			0.000		2	2	0.000		2	2	1				
445/LN01-03	ELA	MEDICAL CLAIMS SECTION		10	0		10	1450			0.000		10	10	0.000		10	10	0				
TOTALS										19	8		19		4.000	0.000	19	0.000		19	0		

MANAGED CARE READINESS - NA

YRLY	FTR
0	0.000

TDA RMKS

- NOTE CODE DEFINED:
- 1 EFFECTIVE 1 OCT FY 98 MGT CARE AND RM WILL MERGE.
 - 2 HEALTH ADVISOR MOVED TO CSD
 - 3 TENTATIVE CONTRACT

PART: 19

PREVENTIVE MEDICINE DIVISION
FT LEONARD WOOD MEDDAC

19

PREVENTIVE MEDICINE DIVISION

FT LEONARD WOOD MEDDAC

PARA (A)

MEPR (B)

FUNCTION (C)

WKLD FACTOR (D)

0298 REQ (E)

0298 AUTH (F)

WRKLD (G)

PERSON REQUIRE (H)

TOTAL HOURS REQUIRE (I)

WLF ERND (J)

WLF (K)

READI FTR ADD (L)

ASAM REQ

Combine (M)

OUTSIDE

MODEL REQ'S (N)

LOCAL ADD (O)

TOTAL REQ'S (P)

DELTA (Q)

911/LN01-3	FBB	CHIEF, PREVENTIVE MEDICINE SERVICE	POSITIONAL	3	3		3	435			0.000	3	0.000		3	0
911B/LN01-02	FBD	RAD PROT OFC	POSITIONAL	2	2		2	290			0.000	2	0.000		2	0
912/LN01-04	BHF	COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING	PT VISITS	6	6	192	6	870	4.531	6.000	0.000	6	0.000		6	0
912A/LN01-04	FBB	HEALTH PROMOTION CENTER	PT VISITS	6	6	1	6	870	#####	6.000	0.000	6	0.000		6	0
913-01-07	FBE	ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SECTION	POSITIONAL	10	7	421	7	1015	0.110	0.319	0.000	7	0.000	1	7	-3
		WLF 1: # OF INSPECTIONS														
		WLF 2: # OF EH EDUCATION ACTIONS														
		WLF 3: AVG # OF ANALYSIS														
914/LN01	FBF	EPIDEMIOLOGY & DISEASE	POSITIONAL	1	1	1	1	145	0.551	0.004	0.000	1	0.000		1	0
		WLF 1: AVG # OF CLIN PROC AND EDUC CLASSES														
915/LN01-05	BHG	OCCUPATIONAL MEDICAL SECTION	POSITIONAL	7	4	421	4	580	0.250	0.726	0.000	4	0.000		4	-3
		WLF 1: AVG # OF PATIENT VISITS														
916/LN01-03	FBC	INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE SECTION		4	3	1	3	435	0.551	0.004	0.000	3	0.000		3	-1
		WLF 1: AVG # OF SAMPLE SERVICE														
		TOTALS		39	32		32		13.053	0.000	0.000	32	0.000		32	-7

PREVENTIVE MEDICINE READINESS

YRLY	FTR
0	0.000

TDA RMKS

NOTE CODE DEFINED:
1 HEARING CONSERVATION CONDUCTED IN SURGERY DIVISION.

APPENDIX B

PART:

3

SURGERY DIVISION		
FT LEONARD WOOD MEDDAC		
PARA (A)	MEPR (B)	FUNCTION (C)
301/LN01-03	EBD	CHIEF, DEPARTMENT OF SURGERY
304/LN01-08	BBA	GENERAL SURGERY CLINIC
306/LN01-05	BBD	OPHTHALMOLOGY
307/LN01-08	BHC	OPTOMETRY
308/LN01-09	BEA	ORTHOAEDIC CLINIC
308A/LN01-03	BEB	CAST CLINIC
308A/LN01	BEE	ORTHOTIC APPLIANCE LAB
308F/LN01-05	BEF	PODIATRY CLINIC
309/LN01-03	BLB	OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY CLINIC
310/LN01-011	BLA	PHYSICAL THERAPY CLINIC
311/LN01-04	BBF	OTOLARYNGOLOGY CLINIC
311A/LN01-03	BHD	AUDIOLOGY CLINIC
	BHDN	HEARING CONSERVATION
313/LN01-04	BBI	UROLOGY CLINIC
514/LN01	BCC	CHIEF, OB/GYN SERVICE
514/LN02-10	BCB	GYNECOLOGY CLINIC
514	BCC	OBSTETRICS CLINIC
TOTALS		

NOTES:

PART:

4

ANESTHESIOLOGY & OPERATIVE SVCS

FT LEONARD WOOD MEDDAC

RECOMMENDED FTR BREAKOUT BY CATEGORY

CLINIC/
ADMIN

PARA (AA)	MEPR (AB)	FUNCTION (AC)	% (CAT 1)	PROV O.R.S. (K%) (AD)	% (CAT 2)	DCP O.R.S. (K%) (AE)	% (CAT 3)	NURSE (K%) (AF)	% (CAT 4)	DCPP O.R.S. (K%) (AG)	% (CAT 4)	SUPPORT O.R.S. (K%) (AH)	TOTAL EARNED FTR'S (AI)
302/LN01	DFA	ANESTHESIOLOGY		1.950						0.460		1.000	3
302A/LN02-03	DFA	ANESTHESIA NURSING SERVICE				8							8
465B/LN01-03	DE	CSS (DEA) / CMS (DEB)	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.000	0.10	0.500	0.75	3.750	0.15	0.750	5
465/LN01-12	DFB	OPERATING ROOM NURSING SERV	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.000	0.43	9.890	0.55	12.650	0.02	0.460	23
TOTALS				1.950		7.799		10.390		16.860		2.210	39

4 PROVIDER REQ'S MAY BE CHANGED TO SUPPORT REQ'S (1 FOR 1), BUT NOT VICE VERSA.

PART:

5

PRIMARY CARE & COMMUNITY MEDICINE

FT LEONARD WOOD MEDDAC

MEPR (B) FUNCTION (C)

PARA (A)

RECOMMENDED FTR BREAKOUT BY CATEGORY

PARA (A)	MEPR (B)	FUNCTION (C)	% (CAT 1) (L%)	PROV (L%) (D)	% (CAT 2) (L%)	DIRECT CARE PROV (L%) (E)	% NURSE (P%) (F)	% (CAT 3) (P%)	DIRECT CARE P/PROF (P%) (G)	% (CAT 4) (P%)	% (CAT 5) (P%)	CLINIC/ADMIN SUPPORT (P%) (H)	TOTAL EARNED PROV (D+E) (I)	TOTAL EARNED SPT (F+G+H) (J)	TOTAL EARNED FTR'S (I+J) (K)
201/LN01-03	EBD	CHIEF, PCCM	1.00	1.000	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.000	0.000	1.00	1.00	3.000	1	3	4
202/LN01-04	BAB	ALLERGY AND IMMUNOLOGY CLINIC	1.00	1.000	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.000	1.800	0.10	0.10	0.200	1	2	3
202A/LN01-04	FBI	IMMUNIZATION CLINIC	0.00	0.000	1.00	0.000	0.00	0.000	1.380	0.31	0.31	0.820	0	2	2
204/LN01-03	BAP	DERMATOLOGY SERVICE	1.00	1.000	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.000	0.000	1.00	1.00	1.000	1	1	2
205/LN01-09	BDA	GENERAL PEDIATRIC SERVICE	1.00	3.000	0.00	0.000	0.11	0.440	1.600	0.49	0.49	1.960	3	4	7
205A/LN01-03	BDAB	EFMP	1.00	1.000	0.00	0.000	0.11	0.110	0.400	0.49	0.49	0.490	1	1	2
	BDCA	WELL BABY CLINIC	1.00	1.000	0.00	0.000	0.11	0.110	0.400	0.49	0.49	0.490	1	1	2
209A/LN01-12	BAA	INTERNAL MEDICINE SERVICE	0.73	5.110	0.27	1.890	0.19	1.900	4.800	0.33	0.33	3.300	7	10	17
211A/LN01-04	DHA	RESPIRATORY THERAPY SECTION					0.00	0.000	6.000	0.00	0.00	0.000	0	6	6
211A/LN05/08	DDA	EKG					0.02	0.060	2.820	0.04	0.04	0.120	0	3	3
212/LN01-14	BGA	FAMILY PRACTICE SERVICE	0.00	0.000	1.00	14.000	0.00	0.000	24.000	0.20	0.20	6.000	14	30	44
		PHASE II PA PROGRAM	0.00	0.000	1.00	1.000	0.00	0.000	0.000	0.20	0.20	0.000	1	0	1
214/LN01	BIA	EMERGENCY ROOM	0.91	10.920	0.09	1.080	0.00	0.000	20.400	0.40	0.40	13.600	12	34	46
214B/LN01-06	FEA	AMBULANCE SERVICE	0.91	0.000	0.09	0.000	0.00	0.000	12.600	0.40	0.40	8.400	0	21	21
215/LN01	BHAM	CONSOLIDATED TMC	0.00	0.000	1.00	1.000	0.00	0.000	0.000	1.00	1.00	0.000	1	0	1
215/LN09/24	BHB	MEDICAL EXAM	1.00	1.276	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.000	0.000	1.00	1.00	1.000	1	1	2
215A/LN01-06	FBIB	IMMUNIZATIONS TM	0.00	0.000	1.00	0.000	0.00	0.000	7.590	0.31	0.31	3.410	0	11	11
215C	BHAB	HOSPITAL ACUTE MINOR ILLNESS(A)	0.00	0.000	1.00	2.000	0.00	0.000	3.300	0.34	0.34	1.700	2	5	7
		TOTALS		25.306		20.970		2.620	87.090			45.290	46	135	181

NOTES:

- 1 PERCENTAGES OF CATEGORIES MAY BE ADJUSTED.
- 2 CAT 1 & 2 MUST = 100% OF PROV REQS YIELD (COL J)
- 3 CAT 3, 4, & 5 MUST = 100% OF SPT REQS YIELD (COL N)

PART:

6

NURSING OPERATIONS DIVISION

FT LEONARD WOOD MEDDAC

RECOMMENDED FTR BREAKOUT BY CATEGORY

PARA (A)	MEPR (B)	FUNCTION (C)	% (CAT 3)	NURSE (N%) (D)	% (CAT 4)	DIR CARE P/PROF (N%) (E)	% (CAT 5)	CLN/ADM SUPPORT (N%) (F)	TOTAL EARNED FTR'S (D+E+F) (G)
451/LN01-03	EBD	C, NURSING OPERATIONS DIVISION	0.65	1.950	0.32	0.960	0.03	0.090	3
460/LN01-02	EBD	CLINICAL NURSING SERVICE	0.65	0.000	0.32	0.000	0.03	0.000	0
460A/LN01-09	DJA	COMBINED ICU WARD	0.65	7.800	0.32	3.840	0.03	0.360	12
460C/LN01-12	ACX	MTRNL & CHILD WARD	0.65	11.700	0.32	5.760	0.03	0.540	18
460D/LN01-12	AAX	MEDICAL-SURGICAL WD	0.40	17.200	0.57	24.510	0.03	1.290	43
4660F/LN01-11	AFX	PSYCHIATRY WARD	0.65	11.700	0.32	5.760	0.03	0.540	18
465D/LN01-08	DFC	RECOVERY ROOM	0.50	0.500	0.47	0.470	0.03	0.030	1
465C/LN01-2	DGE	SURGICAL PRE ADMIT SECTION	0.30	0.600	0.30	0.600	0.40	0.800	2
TOTALS				51.450		41.900		3.650	97

NOTES:

- 1 PERCENTAGES OF CATEGORIES MAY BE ADJUSTED.

PART: 8

BEHAVIOR MEDICINE DIVISION
FT LEONARD WOOD MEDDAC

RECOMMENDED FTR BREAKOUT BY CATEGORY

PARA (A)	MEPR (B)	FUNCTION (C)	DIR CARE										CLINIC/ ADMIN SUPPORT (H)	TOTAL EARNED PROV (D+E) (I)	TOTAL EARNED SPT (F+G+H) (J)	TOTAL EARNED FTRS (I+J) (K)
			% (CAT 1) (L'%) (D)	PROV (L'%) (D)	% (CAT 2) (E)	PROV (L'%) (E)	% (CAT 3) (F'%) (F)	NURSE (F'%) (F)	% (CAT 4) (F'%) (G)	P/PROF (F'%) (G)	% (CAT 5) (F'%) (H)					
351/LN01-03	EBD	CHIEF, BEHAVIOR MEDICINE DIVISIO	1.00	1.000	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.000	1.00	1.000	1	1	2	
352/C01	DDB	EEG														
	DDC	EMG														
353/C01	BAK	NEUROLOGY SERVICE	0.75	0.750	0.25	0.250	0.00	0.000	0.67	0.000	0.33	0.000	1	0	1	
354/LN01-08	BFB	PSYCHOLOGY CLINIC	0.00	0.000	1.00	7.000	0.05	0.400	0.76	6.080	0.19	1.520	7	8	15	
355/LN01-02	BFF	SUBSTANCE ABUSE CLINIC	0.00	0.000	1.00	1.000	0.00	0.000	0.81	0.810	0.19	0.190	1	1	2	
356/LN01-06	BFB	PSYCHOLOGY CLINIC	0.00	0.000	1.00	3.000	0.05	0.300	0.76	4.560	0.19	1.140	3	6	9	
357/LN01-7	BFE	SOCIAL WORK SERVICES	0.00	0.000	0.65	1.950	0.00	0.000	0.25	0.750	0.10	0.300	2	1	3	
	BFEB	FAMILY ADVOCACY PROGRAM	0.00	0.000	0.65	1.950	0.00	0.000	0.25	0.500	0.10	0.200	1	1	2	
358/LN01-04	BFF	SUBSTANCE ABUSE CLINIC	0.28	0.000	0.72	0.000	0.05	0.200	0.63	2.520	0.32	1.280	4			
		TOTALS		1.750		14.500		0.900		15.220		5.630	20	18	34	

NOTES:

- 1 PERCENTAGES OF CATEGORIES MAY BE ADJUSTED.
- 2 CAT 1 & 2 MUST = 100% OF PROV REQ YIELD (COL J)
- 3 CAT 3, 4, & 5 MUST = 100% OF SPT REQ YIELD (COL N)
- 4 PROVIDER REQ'S MAY BE CHANGED TO SUPPORT REQ'S (1 FOR 1), BUT NOT VICE VERSA.

PART:

9

RADIOLOGY DIVISION

FT LEONARD WOOD MEDDAC

RECOMMENDED FTR BREAKOUT BY CATEGORY

PARA (A)	MEPR (B)	FUNCTION (C)	% (CAT 1)	PROV (M%) (D)	% (CAT 2)	CARE PROV (M%) (E)	% (CAT 3)	NURSE (M%) (F)	% (CAT 4)	DIRECT CARE P/PROF (M%) (G)	% (CAT 5)	CLINIC/ ADMIN SUPPORT (M%) (H)	TOTAL EARNED FTR'S (D+.+H) (I)
		DCA DIAGNOSTIC RADIOLOGY	0.20	7.000	0.00	0.000	0.02	0.700	0.63	22.050	0.15	5.250	35
605/LN01-0	DIA	NUCLEAR MEDICINE SERVICE	0.20	0.600	0.00	0.000	0.02	0.060	0.63	1.890	0.15	0.450	3
		TOTALS		7.000		0.020		1.330		22.200		40.250	38

NOTES:

- 1 PERCENTAGES OF CATEGORIES MAY BE ADJUSTED.
- 2 CAT 1 - 5 MUST = 100% REQS YIELD (COL M)
- 3 PROVIDER REQS MAY BE CHANGED TO SUPPORT REQS (1 FOR 1), BUT NOT VICE VERSA.

PART:

11

PHARMACY DIVISION

FT LEONARD WOOD MEDDAC

RECOMMENDED FTR BREAKOUT BY CATEGORY

PARA (A)	MEPR (B)	FUNCTION (C)	% (CAT 1)	PROV (M%) (D)	% (CAT 2)	PROV (M%) (E)	% (CAT 3)	NURSE (M%) (F)	% (CAT 4)	P/PROF (M%) (G)	% (CAT 5)	CLINIC/ ADMIN SUPPORT (M%) (H)	TOTAL EARNED FTR'S (I)
	DAA	PHARMACY	0.00	0.000	0.40	11.600	0.00	0.000	0.55	15.950	0.05	1.450	29
215/LN14/18		PHARMACY CMTC	0.00	0.000	0.40	0.800	0.00	0.000	0.55	1.100	0.05	0.100	2
646/LN03		LOGISTICS (PRIME VENDOR)	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.000	1.00	1.000	1
		TOTALS		0.000		12.400		0.000		17.050		2.550	32

NOTES:

- 1 PERCENTAGES OF CATEGORIES MAY BE ADJUSTED.
- 2 CAT 1 - 5 MUST = 100% REQS YIELD (COL M)

APPENDIX C

PART: 1

REQUIREMENTS SUMMARY
FT LEONARD WOOD MEDDAC

WORKLOAD REPORTING PERIOD:
FY97(JUL-SEP)-FY98(OCT-JUN)

MODEL PART/PAGE	FUNCTION (B)	REQ (C)	0298 AUTH (D)	READINESS REQ'S ADDITIVE (E)	ASAM REQ'S YIELD (F)	OUTSIDE MODEL ADDITIVE (G)	TOTAL MODEL REQ'S (H)	REQ'S DELTA (I)
2	COMMAND SECTION & SPECIAL STAFF	36	28	0.230	27	0	27	-9
3	SURGERY DIVISION	89	81	0.559	79	0	83	-6
4	ANESTHESIOLOGY & OPERATIVE SVCS	31	30	0.046	34	0	34	3
5	PRIMARY CARE & COMMUNITY MEDICINE	203	186	1.544	214	5	219	16
6	NURSING OPERATIONS DIVISION	104	98	0.000	97	12	109	5
7	PLANS, EDUCATION, READINESS, TRNG, SECURITY	11	9	0.000	10	0	10	-1
8	BEHAVIOR MEDICINE DIVISION	37	34	0.000	42	4	46	9
9	RADIOLOGY DIVISION	37	35	0.000	38	0	38	1
10	PATHOLOGY DIVISION	44	43	0.000	54	0	54	10
11	PHARMACY DIVISION	37	35	0.046	32	5	37	0
12	LOGISTICS DIVISION	123	76	0.023	116	1	117	-6
13	PATIENT ADMINISTRATION DIVISION	61	54	0.000	61	0	61	0
14	HUMAN RESOURCE DIVISION	17	16	0.023	16	0	16	-1
15	NUTRITION CARE DIVISION	41	38	0.023	51	0	51	10
16	RESOURCE MANAGEMENT DIVISION	14	14	0.000	14	0	14	0
17	AUTOMATION MANAGEMENT DIVISION	13	13	0.000	14	3	17	4
18	MANAGED CARE DIVISION	19	8	0.000	19	0	19	0
19	PREVENTIVE MEDICINE DIVISION	39	32	0.000	32	0	32	-7
TOTALS		956	830	2.494	950	30	984	28

SHADOW FORCE (NON-ADD) TOTALS

UIC MCW1MLAA TOTALS

	0298 TDA	ASAM
OVERALL REDUCTION - PERCENTAGE		-2.9%
NON-MEDICAL - ACTUAL	374	288
NON-MEDICAL - PERCENTAGE	39.1%	29.3%

(NON-MEDICAL = PARTS 2,7,12-19)